



CH Ac9 Review the acupunture and evaluate the case

OVERVIEW

This standard outlines the process which takes place either when a course of acupuncture treatment has been completed or when the practitioner needs to seek wider advice and support in managing the case. It recognises that both of these circumstances provide opportunities for reflection on the need for further training, professional development and research. It also recognises that there are occasions when collaborative work across professional boundaries is essential in order to maximise the benefits of treatment for the client.

Users of this standard will need to ensure that practice reflects up to date information and policies.

Version No 1

KNOWLEDGE AND UNDERSTANDING

You will need to know and understand:

- 1. The professional standards and code of conduct for your discipline
- 2. The role of the professional (regulatory) body setting the rules and ethical standards of your discipline
- 3. The rules, ethical standards and codes of conduct of your profession and how they apply to your own practice
- 4. Why it is important to keep your understanding of professional rules and codes of conduct up to date
- 5. How to balance your own responsibilities as a professional with any contractual or other requirements of any organisation within which you work
- 6. Current relevant health and safety legislation and how it applies to your own work role
- 7. Legislation relating to obtaining, storing and using information
- 8. Legislation relating to supplying services
- 9. The importance of keeping your understanding of legislation up to date
- 10. How relevant legislation impacts on your work
- 11. The roles and functions of the principal agencies with whom you work
- 12. How to obtain information from the principal agencies with whom you may be working
- 13. Why it is important to respect the rights of clients

- 14. The extent of your own remit as a practitioner and the limits of your responsibilities
- 15. How your own role relates to that of other professionals within the principal agencies
- 16. The organisational requirements and restrictions relating to the use of resources
- 17. The range of resources and options available to meet the client's needs
- 18. How to achieve effective communication through observation, sensitive questioning, listening and touch
- 19. How to adapt vocabulary, pace and tone of speaking to meet the needs of the client
- 20. What forms of verbal and non-verbal communication are available and how to use these positively
- 21. What signals can be used to check the understanding of the client and how to interpret them
- 22. How to position self and client to encourage communication
- 23. How to recognise and overcome barriers to communication
- 24. Why it is important to encourage the client (and any companion(s)) to ask questions, seek advice and express any concerns
- 25. The nature of a professional relationship and how to develop it with clients
- 26. How to respond to conflicting advice which clients may receive from different practitioners
- 27. Why it is important to reflect on your own practice and identify any development needs
- 28. How to evaluate the effectiveness of your own actions and learn from experience
- 29. The information available on effective healthcare and how to evaluate and use this information within your own practice
- 30. How the models and concepts in your area of practice have evolved and developed, how they change with time and the similarities and differences between different versions
- 31. How to develop links with other healthcare providers and the protocols for doing this
- 32. How to recognise the limits of your own knowledge and competence and the importance of not exceeding these
- 33. Why it is important to acknowledge your own limitations and when there may be a need to refer the client on to other healthcare practitioners
- 34. The importance of recognising and maintaining the client's legal and ethical rights to confidentiality
- 35. How to balance the client's rights against your responsibility to others
- 36. What to take into account when passing on information about clients
- 37. What the procedures and requirements on confidentiality, security and transmission of information are for your organisation and for any other organisation that you may need to contact regarding a client
- 38. The ways in which confidentiality may be breached and how to prevent their occurrence
- 39. The different forms of consent and the circumstances in which these may apply
- 40. The guidance given by your professional body on consent and when written consent should be obtained
- 41. Why it is important to ensure that clients have been given sufficient information to give or refuse consent
- 42. Who holds responsibility for gaining consent and when this should be done
- 43. How consent may be obtained for clients who are unable to give the consent themselves and who has the right to give this consent
- 44. The policies on consent, including any specific requirements under contractual

- agreements for your organisation and any other organisation you may need to contact regarding a client
- 45. Why it is important to protect client confidentiality
- 46. How to keep records in order to protect confidentiality and security of information
- 47. How to keep records so that an audit can be undertaken
- 48. How to record all the necessary information in a format suitable for further use
- 49. Who has the right of access to information held on records
- 50. The audit cycle
- 51. Why it is important to acknowledge and respect an individual's rights and dignity and ways of doing this
- 52. The nature of disability and your role and responsibilities in working with those who have disabilities
- 53. How an individual's abilities and disabilities may affect the nature and form of help and support and the manner in which you provide it
- 54. What circumstances may indicate a need for the presence of a third party
- 55. Who may act as a companion for the client and how to interact with them
- 56. What your legal and ethical responsibilities are in relation to the client's health and safety
- 57. How to maintain your practice in line with health and safety legislation
- 58. How to be supportive to the client (and any companion(s)) whilst managing time effectively
- 59. How to obtain information on commonly encountered diseases and on medications and their side effects
- 60. How to recognise those occasions when acupuncture may be appropriate and/or may complement other healthcare which the client is receiving
- 61. How to recognise conditions for which acupuncture alone would be ill advised and for which the client should seek advice from other sources
- 62. The circumstances when you may choose not to accept a client or to cease treating a client:
 - 1. acupuncture is unlikely to succeed
 - 2. the client does not want acupuncture
 - 3. you do not wish to provide acupuncture
- 63. The circumstances when you must not accept a client:
 - 1. acupuncture is contra-indicated
 - 2. you do not have the requisite experience or expertise
 - 3. other healthcare options are needed as a matter of urgency
- 64. The range, purpose and limitations of different methods, which may be used for different clients with different needs
- 65. How to determine the most appropriate method(s) for different clients and their particular needs
- 66. How to tailor treatment appropriately for each individual
- 67. How to assess the appropriateness of self-care strategies for the client
- 68. Relevant anatomy for safe needling practice
- 69. Relevant microbiology for safe clinical practice
- 70. Relevant physiology, pathology and pharmacology for any clinical healthcare practitioner
- 71. Relevant anatomy, physiology, pathology and pharmacology in order to recognise circumstances:
 - 1. for which acupuncture is appropriate
 - 2. where acupuncture must be used with caution
 - 3. for which acupuncture is contra-indicated
 - 4. for which acupuncture is inappropriate

- 72. How to evaluate efficacy and suitability of the treatment for a client and how to decide when it should be halted and/or discontinued
- 73. Methods and processes for evaluating information as the treatment proceeds and for using this to inform future practice
- 74. The importance of evaluating the treatment as a whole
- 75. How to record the content and outcomes of the review process and what information should be included
- 76. What information and actions are needed for the review to be carried out effectively

PERFORMANCE CRITERIA

You must be able to do the following:

- 1. review outcomes in relation to the initial assessment, treatment plan, and treatment records
- 2. compare outcomes with those in previous cases with similar assessment and treatment
- 3. consult professional colleagues, where appropriate
- 4. undertake research into other cases with similar assessment and treatment
- 5. evaluate similarities and differences between this case and other cases
- 6. identify any training needs or knowledge deficits arising from aspects of the case
- 7. identify any research needs, personal or professional, arising from aspects of the case
- 8. evaluate the role of acupuncture and other treatment options in the management of the case
- 9. record the outcomes of the review process accurately and in sufficient detail to meet professional requirements
- 10. evaluate the experience you have gained from the case to inform future practice

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

This National Occupational Standard was developed by Skills for Health.

This standard links with the following dimension within the NHS Knowledge and Skills Framework (October 2004):

Dimension: HWB6 Assessment and treatment planning